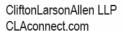
Financial Statements, Supplementary Information, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and Independent Auditors' Reports Required by Government Auditing Standards and Uniform Guidance Years Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors

Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation
(d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)

Washington, DC

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America) which comprise the statements of financial position as of September 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Directors Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America) as of September 30, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audits of the financial statements were conducted for forming an opinion on those statements as a whole. The schedules of functional expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are also presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules of functional expenses, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

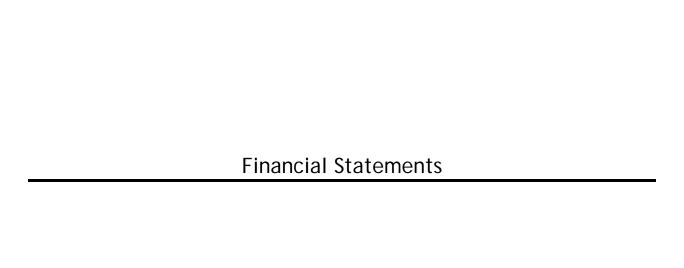
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 5, 2018, on our consideration of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Calverton, Maryland March 5, 2018



Statements of Financial Position (Amounts in 000's)

September 30,	2017	2016	
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 142,348	\$	234,302
Short term investments	2,647		2,704
Receivables:			
Contributions receivable	2,024		2,689
Grant and contract receivables	998		630
Other receivables - net	280		432
Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,208		1,719
Total current assets	149,505		242,476
Noncurrent accets			
Noncurrent assets	200		E 4 4
Deposits Proporty and equipment, not	299 4 4 4 4		544 7 710
Property and equipment, net	6,646		7,719
Total noncurrent assets	6,945		8,263
Total assets	\$ 156,450	\$	250,739
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 9,134	\$	6,200
Pass-through liability	33,600		30,157
Grant commitments:			
Foreclosure prevention	4,278		41,226
Deferred revenue:			
Foreclosure prevention	4,775		10,602
Registration Fees	178		311
Total current liabilities	51,965		88,496
Noncurrent liabilities			
Deferred rent liability	6,768		7,640
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,768		7,640
Total liabilities	58,733		96,136
Commitments and contingencies			
Net assets			
Unrestricted net assets	7,423		12,903
Temporarily restricted net assets	7,423 87,794		139,200
Permanently restricted net assets Total net assets	2,500 97,717		2,500 154,603
10(a) 116(a)26()	71,111		104,003
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 156,450	\$	250,739

Statement of Activities (Amounts in 000's)

Year ended September 30,	2017							
		restricted		mporarily estricted		manently stricted		Total
Revenue, Gains, and Other Support								
Congressional appropriations	\$	145,544	\$	-	\$	-	\$	145,544
Grants and contracts		5,240		-		-		5,240
Training registration fees		3,254		-		-		3,254
Contributions		1,023		10,104		-		11,127
Publications and subscriptions		808		=		-		808
Other income		451		-		-		451
Interest income		838		14		-		852
Net assets released from restrictions:								
Satisfaction of program and time restrictions		61,524		(61,524)		-		-
Total revenue, gains, and other support		218,682		(51,406)		-		167,276
Expenses								
Grants and grant commitments		142,444		-		-		142,444
Personnel		45,294		-		-		45,294
Professional services		16,622		-		-		16,622
Other operating costs		8,526		-		-		8,526
Occupancy		3,954		-		-		3,954
Conferences and workshops		2,928		-		-		2,928
Travel		3,034		-		-		3,034
Depreciation and amortization		1,360		-		-		1,360
Total expenses		224,162		-		-		224,162
Change in net assets		(5,480)		(51,406)		-		(56,886)
Net assets, beginning of year		12,903		139,200		2,500		154,603
Net assets, end of year	\$	7,423	\$	87,794	\$	2,500	\$	97,717

Statement of Activities (Amounts in 000's)

Year ended September 30,	2016							
		restricted		emporarily estricted		manently stricted		Total
Revenue, Gains, and Other Support								
Congressional appropriations	\$	177,105	\$	-	\$	-	\$	177,105
Grants and contracts		6,227		-		-		6,227
Training registration fees		3,126		-		-		3,126
Contributions		1,015		132,165		-		133,180
Publications and subscriptions		701		-		-		701
Other income		420		-		-		420
Interest income		130		8		-		138
Net assets released from restrictions:								
Satisfaction of program and time restrictions		27,189		(27,189)		-		-
Total revenue, gains, and other support		215,913		104,984		=		320,897
Expenses								
Grants and grant commitments		138,028		-		-		138,028
Personnel		44,489		-		-		44,489
Professional services		14,964		-		-		14,964
Other operating costs		9,345		-		-		9,345
Occupancy		4,039		-		-		4,039
Travel		3,290		-		-		3,290
Conferences and workshops		3,050		-		-		3,050
Depreciation and amortization		1,337		-		-		1,337
Total expenses		218,542		-		-		218,542
Change in net assets		(2,629)		104,984		-		102,355
Net assets, beginning of year		15,532		34,216		2,500		52,248
Net assets, end of year	\$	12,903	\$	139,200	\$	2,500	\$	154,603

Statements of Cash Flows (Amounts in 000's)

Years ended September 30,	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities		
Change in net assets	\$ (56,886)	\$ 102,355
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to		
net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:		
Bad debt expense	85	9
Depreciation and amortization	1,360	1,337
Impairment of software development costs	-	360
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	8
(Increase) decrease in assets		
Receivables:		
Contributions receivable	665	(2,026)
Grant and contract receivables	(368)	820
Other receivables Net	67	473
Prepaid expenses and other assets	511	(285)
Deposits	245	241
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,934	(1,900)
Pass-through liability	3,443	16,119
Grant commitments:		
Foreclosure prevention	(36,948)	(4,325)
Deferred revenue:		
Foreclosure prevention	(5,827)	(2,470)
Registration fees	(133)	(28)
Deferred rent liability	(872)	(764)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(91,724)	109,924
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchases of investments	(2,640)	(2,703)
Sales of Investments	2,697	2,983
Purchases of property and equipment	(287)	(455)
Net cash used in investing activities	(230)	(175)
(Decrease) Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(91,954)	109,749
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	234,302	124,553
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 142,348	\$ 234,302

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

1. Organization, Mission and Program Services

Organization

Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America) (the Corporation) was established by Congress in 1978, by the Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation Act under 42 U.S.C. 8101-8107. The Corporation is a private non-profit charitable organization under IRC 501(c)(3). As stated in its enabling documents the purpose of the Corporation is to continue the joint efforts of the federal financial supervisory agencies and the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) in promoting reinvestment in older neighborhoods by local financial institutions in cooperation with the community, residents and local governments. These efforts were previously conducted by the Urban Reinvestment Task Force, which the Corporation succeeded.

Funding for the Corporation is primarily through Congressional appropriation as well as through grants from federal and state government agencies, corporations, foundations and private donors. The Corporation's board of directors is determined by statute and consists of the heads of the Comptroller of the Currency, Federal Reserve, National Credit Union Administration, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), who are presidential appointees subject to Senate confirmation, or their designated representatives.

Mission

The Corporation provides financial, technical and organizational support approximately 250 independent, community-based non-profit organizations operating in all 50 States and the District of Colombia, known collectively as the NeighborWorks® network, that help low- and moderate-income families rent, purchase and maintain affordable homes. The NeighborWorks® network also revitalizes communities through resident leadership and private and public partnerships that encourage local investment in sustainable projects.

The Corporation provides its services to the NeighborWorks® network through four distinct program service areas, Capacity Building, Preserving Affordable Housing, Training and Informing, and Organizational Assessment as described below. In addition, the Corporation administers the National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling (NFMC) Program which was enacted by Congress on December 26, 2007 in response to the nationwide subprime foreclosure crisis. Since its passage, Congress has appropriated ten successive annual rounds of funding totaling approximately \$848 million to NeighborWorks® America for continuation of the program.

The Corporation maintains its national headquarters in Washington, D.C. and supports its NeighborWorks® network locally through regional offices in Boston, New York, Atlanta, Kansas City, Denver, and Los Angeles.

Program Services

Capacity Building

Capacity building refers to the practical assistance the Corporation provides to strengthen the performance of NeighborWorks® network organizations, enabling them to respond most effectively and efficiently to the needs of their communities. The Corporation expands the capacity of network members by providing onsite technical assistance and limited funding. As part of Capacity Building, the Corporation promotes increased access to the capital markets through its support of Community

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

Housing Capital and NeighborWorks Capital Corporation. These affiliated organizations play a critical role in meeting the NeighborWorks® network's capital needs by bringing low-cost, flexible private-sector capital and innovative loan products to network members. Flexible loan products help meet the financing needs for housing rehabilitation, homeownership and real-estate development.

National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling (NFMC)

The NFMC program is designed to provide mortgage foreclosure mitigation assistance to states and areas with high rates of defaults and foreclosures, primarily in the subprime housing market. Through the state housing finance agencies, HUD-approved housing counseling intermediaries and community-based NeighborWorks® organizations, the Corporation provides free assistance to families at risk of losing their homes, helping clients to understand the complex foreclosure process, and identifying possible courses of action to allow them to make informed decisions and take necessary actions.

Preserving Affordable Housing

The Corporation helps NeighborWorks® organizations construct new housing, repair and renovate existing housing, promote homeownership and further mixed-income affordable housing opportunities. The Corporation also supports the organizations' hazard abatement, energy conservation, post-purchase counseling, and foreclosure prevention activities. Equity capital, in the form of highly flexible Corporation grants to local organizations' revolving loan funds, is also vitally important. Revolving loan funds are used to support home repair, down-payment and closing-cost assistance, energy conservation repairs, commercial and small business loans, predevelopment costs, acquisition of problem properties, and a host of other initiatives.

Training and Informing

Through communications, publishing, research and training functions, the Corporation collects and disseminates pertinent and useful information for the NeighborWorks® network and the broader community development field. The Corporation imparts this data and information through a variety of vehicles, and trains and informs the network and representatives of the broader industry through national and regional training events, publications, on-line (at www.nw.org) and other venues.

Organizational Assessment

The Corporation closely monitors the capacity of each NeighborWorks® organization to successfully manage programmatic risks and to ensure their financial and organizational stability. The organizational assessment function evaluates all of the NeighborWorks® network members to successfully predict, mitigate, and manage risk and steadily increase the health, performance, productivity, and effectiveness of the organizations.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost which approximates fair value and include investments with original maturities of three months or less. Cash in excess of amounts required to fund current operations are invested overnight.

Cash held as an agent where the Corporation has neither an administrative or financial direct involvement is recorded as a Pass-Through Liability included on the Statements of Financial Position and amounted to \$33,600 and \$30,157 at September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

As required by their underlying grant agreements, the Corporation maintains a separate bank account related to its Project Reinvest programs.

Investment

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. See Note 11 for discussion of fair value measurements. The investment policy of the Board of Directors limits investment of the Corporation's funds to US Treasury and Federal Agency Securities or repurchase agreements or mutual funds consisting of such securities.

Included in investments on the statement of financial position are endowment funds of \$2,500 related to the George Knight Scholarship Endowment more fully described in Note 6. These funds are included as a permanently restricted net asset and are invested consistent with Board policy.

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis and interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Investment income or loss is included in the change in unrestricted net assets unless their use is temporarily or permanently restricted by donor stipulations or by law.

Receivables

Contributions - Contributions receivable consist of amounts due from private corporations and foundations. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded at their net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of estimated future cash flows when the difference between present and nominal value is material. The discounts on those amounts are computed using risk-free interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are received. Conditional promises to give are not included as support until the conditions are substantially met. There were no long-term receivables at September 30, 2017 and 2016.

Grants and Contracts - Grants and contracts receivable consist of amounts due from federal agencies, corporations, and foundations resulting from allowable expenditures incurred which have not been recovered as of the end of the fiscal year.

Other Receivables - Other receivables consist of contracts and miscellaneous receivables from sources other than federal agencies and donor corporations and foundations.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - The Corporation uses the allowance method to provide for receivables deemed uncollectible based on management's evaluation of potential uncollectible amounts at year-end. Contributions, grants and contracts receivable due from federal and state government agencies, foundations and major corporations are generally deemed collectible and no allowance was established for such receivables at September 30, 2017 and 2016. Other receivables are evaluated as to their collectability using the most recent information available.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consist primarily of computer equipment and related software, furniture and fixtures, and leasehold improvements. Property and equipment is recorded at cost, which includes all costs required to put the asset into service. The Corporation capitalizes all expenditures for property and equipment with a per-unit cost over \$5. Depreciation and amortization are computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 3 to 8 years, or the lesser of the minimum lease period or the asset's useful life for leasehold improvements. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the asset and the related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the accounts and any remaining gain or loss is included in operations. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense when incurred.

Certain costs of internally developed software are capitalized and once the development project is complete and the software put into service, these costs are amortized over the estimated useful lives of the software, which range from 3 to 5 years.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Corporation reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or the fair value less costs to sell.

Financial Instruments and Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Corporation to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and cash held for long term purposes held at creditworthy financial institutions. At September 30, 2017 and 2016, substantially all of the Corporation's cash and cash equivalents and cash held for long-term purposes were held at financial institution in accounts over FDIC limits.

Credit risk with respect to contributions receivable, grants receivable and other receivables is limited due to the nature of the grantor, typically the Federal government, its Agencies and large financial institutions, and the fact that the Corporation's private donors are dispersed over a large geographic area.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

Major Source of Funding

The Corporation receives a substantial portion of its revenue from congressional appropriations, 87% and 55% for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The continued receipt of the appropriation may be dependent upon future overall economic and political conditions and while the Corporation's management anticipates that it will continue to have access to the resources necessary to carry out its programs in their current form, its ability to do so and the extent to which it continues, may be dependent on the above factors.

Additionally, during FY 2016, the Corporation received a one time donation from the Bank of America settlement funds, which represented 38% of total revenue, thus reducing the percentage concentration for appropriations in previous year. The programs designed around this funding will dissolve when the funding is fully used and not deemed to have a severe impact to the organization.

Grant Commitments

Grant commitments are the committed but unpaid balances to grantees under the National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling Program funded through congressional appropriations. These amounts will be paid to grantees on submission of the required progress reports under the programs. NFMC grants are expensed when the grant commitment is made.

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consists of training registration fees, unearned contract revenue and uncommitted grants of the National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling Program under congressional appropriations. Training registration fees and contract revenue received in advance and not yet earned are deferred to the applicable period. Congressional appropriations for the National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling Program, received but not yet awarded to sub-recipients, are deferred to the period to which the awards will be made.

Deferred Rent Liability

The Corporation leases office space under long arrangements which contain rent abatements, escalation clauses and tenant build-out allowances. Rent expense is recognized on a straight line basis over the life of the underlying lease taking into consideration all such adjustments. The difference between the contractual cash liability and rent expense is recorded as deferred rent liability on the statement of financial position. The liability is amortized as an adjustment to rent expense over the life of the underlying lease.

Net Assets

- a) Unrestricted Net Assets Unrestricted net assets include resources available for general operations of the Corporation, invested primarily in its property and equipment, or designated by the board of directors for a specific use.
- b) *Temporarily Restricted Net Assets* Temporarily restricted net assets consist of amounts that are subject to donor restrictions and include income earned on permanently restricted net assets that are restricted by donors.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

The Corporation reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions that are received and released in the same period are reflected as unrestricted.

c) Permanently Restricted Net Assets - Permanently restricted net assets consist of assets whose use is limited by donor-imposed restrictions that neither expire by the passage of time nor can be fulfilled or otherwise removed by action of the Corporation. The restrictions stipulate that resources be maintained permanently but permit the Corporation to expend the income generated in accordance with the provisions of the agreements. The permanently restricted net assets are established to provide a permanent source of income for awarding National Training Institute scholarships through investment earnings.

Pass-Through Liability

Under certain agency agreements, the Corporation receives assets from the donor and agrees to use those assets on behalf of or transfer those assets, the return on investment of those assets, or both to a specified beneficiary. When such agency agreements are without variance power, the Corporation records the receipt and disbursement of funds on the Statement of Financial Position as a Pass-Through Liability. Accordingly, there is no impact on the Statement of Activities for such grants.

Revenue Recognition

The Corporation is funded through several different sources: congressional appropriations, grants and contracts from government agencies, corporations and foundations, contributions, training registration fees, sale of publications and subscriptions, performance of miscellaneous consulting services, and investment income.

The Corporation's primary source of funding is through federal appropriations. Unrestricted federal appropriations are recognized as unrestricted revenue when the legislation is enacted. Appropriations under the NFMC Program are initially deferred and subsequently recognized as related program grant commitments are made and allowable operating expenses incurred.

Grants and contracts may involve different arrangements such as reimbursement of cost, milestone payments, fee-for-service or donation. Revenue is recognized under reimbursement of allowable cost and milestone arrangements on a systematic basis as qualifying costs are incurred or contractual milestones are reached and customer concurrence, if required, has occurred. Revenue is recognized under fee-for-service contracts as services are rendered.

Unconditional contributions are recorded when pledged and are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor.

Fees received in advance of a training event are deferred and recognized when the related training has been completed. Fees for consulting services and investment income are recognized when earned.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

Functional Allocation of Expenses

Costs of program activities and supporting services are presented on a functional basis as described in Note 9 of the financial statements. Accordingly, certain direct and indirect expenses have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Corporation is exempt from Federal income taxes under provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, the Corporation has been classified by the Internal Revenue Service as a publicly supported organization under Section 509(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Corporation follows the income tax standard for uncertain tax positions. Income tax benefits are recognized for income tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return, only when it is determined that the income tax position will more-likely-than-not be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The Corporation has analyzed tax positions taken for filing with the Internal Revenue Service and all state jurisdictions where it operates. The Corporation believes that income tax filing positions will be sustained upon examination and does not anticipate any adjustments that would result in a material adverse effect on the Corporation's financial position, results of activities or cash flows. Accordingly, the Corporation has not recorded any reserves or related accruals for interest and penalties for uncertain income tax positions at September 30, 2017 and 2016.

Fair Value

Certain financial instruments are required to be recorded at fair value. Changes in assumptions or estimation methods could affect the fair value estimates; however, we do not believe any such changes would have a material impact on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Cash equivalents are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value. The fair values of investments held by the endowment fund are disclosed in Note 11.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

September 30,	2017	2016
Computer and software equipment	\$ 10,260	\$ 14,031
Leasehold improvements	10,033	10,118
Software development in progress	0	244
Furniture and fixtures	1,012	1,079
Total property and equipment at cost	21,305	25,472
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(14,659)	(17,753)
Total property and equipment, net	\$ 6,646	\$ 7,719

Depreciation and amortization expense for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, was \$1,360 and \$1,337, respectively. Costs related to internally developed software capitalized as software development in progress amounted to \$0 and \$244 for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Corporation performed a technical evaluation of a software development project that had been capitalized in prior years and put on hold. The evaluation concluded that, due to a combination of changes in business requirements and application architecture design, the project would be abandoned in its present form. As a result, the Corporation recorded an impairment charge of \$0 and \$360 for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, that is included in Other Operating Expenses in the Statements of Activities.

4. Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

At September 30, 2017 and 2016, temporarily restricted net assets consist of the following:

	2017	2016
Bank of America	\$ 78,102	\$119,970
SunTrust	1,763	11,725
Wells Fargo	3,228	2,934
JP Morgan	3,555	2,081
RW Johnson	101	971
Citi	62	244
Scholarship/Endowment	40	200
MetLife	-	168
Morgan Stanley	88	88
All Others	855	817
Total temporarily restricted net assets	\$ 87,794	\$139,200

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

5. Permanently Restricted Net Assets

The Corporation received \$2,500 as part of the 2001 Congressional Appropriation for the purpose of establishing The George Knight Scholarship Endowment. In addition, the Corporation received \$500 in 2001 from JP Morgan Chase Bank ("JPMCB") (formerly known as Washington Mutual Bank) to establish an endowment fund. In February 2002, the Corporation received an additional \$500 from JPMCB increasing the total principal balance of the endowment fund to \$3,500. In 2010, permanently restricted net assets of \$1,000 were released from permanent restrictions and transferred to temporarily restricted net assets to comply with revised donor stipulations. No permanently restricted contributions were received during fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

6. Endowment

The endowment funds in Note 5 were established for the purpose of funding Training Institute scholarships. The Endowment funds' principal balances will remain in perpetuity, while interest income from the endowments will be used to fund Training Institute scholarships.

Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has interpreted the State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Corporation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the donor-restricted permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the donor-restricted permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the donor-restricted permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Corporation. The Corporation reports these funds in accordance with, Endowments of Not-for-Profit Organizations: Net Asset Classification of Funds Subject to an Enacted Version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA), and Enhanced Disclosures for All Endowment Funds. These endowment funds are invested in highly rated Federal Agency securities consistent with Board policy. The returns on the endowment funds invested have been included in temporarily restricted investment income on the Statements of Activities.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

Endowment Net Asset Composition and Changes in Balances

The following table represents the composition of the Corporation's endowment by net asset class and the changes in donor restricted endowment funds at September 30, 2017 and 2016.

	Temporarily Permanently							
	Unrestricted	l	Res	tricted	Restricted		Total	
Endowment net assets - 09/30/2015	\$	-	\$	322	\$	2,500	\$	2,822
Investment income		-		8		-		8
Amounts appropriated for expenses		-		(130)		-		(130)
Endowment net assets - 09/30/2016		-		200		2,500		2,700
Investment income		-		14		-		14
Amounts appropriated for expenses		-		(174)		-		(174)
Endowment net assets - 09/30/2017	\$	-	\$	40	\$	2,500	\$	2,540

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

By policy, the endowment fund assets are invested and maintained in a balanced investment program. The primary objective of the Directors for managing the investment process is to preserve principal and provide reasonable returns. The Directors consider the combination of broad asset classes; reduction of risk through diversification; and then select the portfolio that may obtain the highest return given an acceptable level of risk within established corporate investment policies.

The endowment assets are invested in a manner that balances the following investing objectives:

- 1. Capital Protection: the achievement of adequate investment growth such that the purchasing power of the principal amount of the endowment assets is maintained over a reasonable time horizon.
- 2. Current Income: the generation of interest and dividends to provide sufficient cash flow and liquidity to fund distribution requirements.
- 3. Consistent growth performance: the achievement of growth in such a manner to protect the endowment assets from excessive volatility in market value from year to year.

Spending Policy

In order to protect the restricted endowments against losses and to ensure relative stability in its annual earnings (which are needed to fund the Training Institute scholarships), management invests the funds in government secured instruments consistent with the Organization's investment policies.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

7. Capital Corporations

Community Housing Capital: Community Housing Capital is a national intermediary serving as a direct lender to the NeighborWorks® network, providing financing for the development and preservation of single-family and multi-family affordable housing. Grants made by the Corporation to Community Housing Capital amounted to \$2,500 and \$2,300 for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

NeighborWorks® Capital Corporation: NeighborWorks® Capital Corporation (NWCC) is an independently incorporated tax-exempt nonprofit organization and certified Community Development Financial Institution (CDFI) that operates as an affiliated entity to NeighborWorks® America. NWCC serves the NeighborWorks® network by developing and enhancing resources for the acquisition, development, sale, financing or ownership of affordable single-and multi-family properties and commercial projects. Grants made by the Corporation to NWCC amounted to \$2,500 and \$2,300 for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

On June 1, 2013, the Corporation entered into a 10-year lease agreement for its main headquarters office, which expires in May 2023. The lease provides for a tenant improvement allowance of approximately \$4,900 and one year rent abatement. The Corporation also has other lease agreements with regional offices expiring at various times through 2025.

Minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases are as follows:

Years	endina	September 30,
i cai s	CHAINIG	SUPLCITIBLE SU,

2018	\$ 4,688
2019	4,595
2020	4,470
2021	4,155
2022	4,215
Thereafter	4,135
merearter	\$ 26,258

Occupancy expense for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, amounted to \$3,954 and \$4,039, respectively.

The Corporation is party to office equipment leases, primarily for copiers and media production equipment, which typically have a term of 60 months. Equipment lease expense for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, amounted to \$303 and \$295, respectively. Commitments under non-cancelable office equipment operating leases are as follows: FY2018 - \$234; FY2019 - \$122, FY2020 - \$11.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

Commitments and Contingencies

The Corporation enters into contracts for hotel accommodations and meeting space in connection with its National Training Institutes and other significant trainings up to three years in advance of the events. The contracts often carry cancellation penalties which vary in severity inversely to the date cancellation notice is given. At September 30, 2017 the Corporation had 19 such contracts in place extending through fiscal 2019. The maximum penalty assuming all contracts were cancelled at the latest possible date is \$2,154 in fiscal 2018 and \$276 in fiscal 2019.

The Corporation receives funds from Federal sources that are subject to audit by the various awarding agencies. The corporation has not been informed of any intent to conduct an audit. In the event of such an audit, management does not believe that any material adjustments will be necessary.

As per the Recapture and De-obligation Procedure of the NFMC program, in the event that counseling demand falls short of the goals projected in the Grantee's application and Grant Agreement or in the event that the grantee does not comply with the terms and conditions of the grant as outlined in the Final Funding Announcement, Notice of Intent to Award Funds, and Grant Agreement, the Corporation may recapture funds already distributed to the Grantee and/or rescind its obligation to distribute un-disbursed awarded funds to the grantee. Pursuant to this procedure, subsequent to year end, some organizations have voluntarily returned funds or requested funds to be de-obligated.

In the ordinary course of activities, the Corporation is party to various legal and administrative actions, including employment matters and claims by organizations in the NeighborWorks® network. In the opinion of management, the potential adverse impact of these legal and administrative actions is insignificant to the financial statements of the Corporation.

9. Program and Supporting Services

The following is a breakdown of the Corporation's program and supporting services for the years ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. See Note 1 for a description of the Corporation's Program Services:

September 30,	2017	2016
Program Services:		
Capacity Building	\$136,641	\$93,312
National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling (NFMC)	6,441	43,367
Preserving Affordable Housing	39,153	38,251
Training and Informing	24,772	27,705
Organizational Assessment	6,776	6,668
Total program services	213,783	209,303
Supporting Services:		
General and Administrative	8,511	7,816
Resource Development	1,868	1,423
Total supporting services	10,379	9,239
Total expenses	\$224,162	\$218,542

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

General and Administrative

In accordance with the National Affordable Housing Act (P.L. 101-625), the Corporation's administrative expenses are consistently held to less than 15 percent of expenditures. These expenses include the offices of the chief executive officer, the chief operating officer, the chief financial officer and the general counsel as well as the finance, information management, public policy and legislative affairs, human resources, and administrative services units.

Resource Development

This supporting service category includes expenditures which provide the structure necessary to encourage and secure private financial support.

10. Retirement Plan

The Corporation has a defined contribution retirement plan subject to independent audit which meets the requirements of Section 401(k) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. Each eligible participant may enter into a salary deferral agreement with the Corporation in an amount equal to but not less than 1% or more than 75% of his or her compensation for the contribution period capped at the legal allowable maximum dollar deferral. The Corporation matches each eligible participant's pre-tax contributions at 100% up to a maximum of 6%, and this matching contribution is 100% vested. The Corporation may also contribute a discretionary amount equal to 6% of the social security integration level in effect and 11.7% of each eligible participant's compensation in excess of the social security integration level. This discretionary employer contribution to eligible participants has a 5-year vesting schedule as follows: 20% year 2; 40% year 3; 80% year 4; and 100% year 5. Employees may also borrow against their vested benefits. Employees are eligible for both the discretionary and matching contributions after one year of service.

Total retirement plan expense for fiscal years 2017 and 2016 are \$3,375 and \$3,113 respectively.

11. Fair Value

A fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value is established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under generally accepted accounting principles are described as follows:

Basis of Fair Value Measurement

Level 1—Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these products does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2—Inputs to the valuation methodology include: (1) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; (2) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; (3) inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and (4) inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

Level 3—Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Corporation's investment assets at fair value as of December 31, 2017 and 2016. Assets are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

	Quoted Prices in					
	Active Markets					
Description	for Identical	Signifi	cant Other	Significant Other		
	Assets	Observa	able Inputs	Unobservable Inputs	Balance as	s of
	(Level 1)	(Le	evel 2)	(Level 3)	September 30), 2017
Freddie Mac US		\$	2,509		\$	2,509
Domestic Unsecured		φ	2,509		φ	2,309

September 30, 2017

Freddie Mac US

Domestic Unsecured

Total	\$ 2,647	\$ 2,647

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September 30, 2016 Description	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical	Sigi	nificant Other	Significant Other		
	Assets	Obs	ervable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs	Balance	e as of
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)		(Level 3)	September	30, 2016
Freddie Mac US		¢	2 500		¢	2 500
Domestic Unsecured		\$	2,500		\$	2,500
Freddie Mac US			204			204
Domestic Unsecured			204			204
Total		\$	2,704		\$	2,704

Government securities classified as Level 2 are valued using quoted market prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets. There are no unfunded commitments at September 30, 2017 and 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements (Amounts in \$000's)

12. Severance Pay

The Corporation will provide pay to separated employees under the following involuntary separation conditions:

Severance - position elimination and reduction in force.

Transition Pay - resignation in lieu of termination for performance-based or for cause terminations, declination to relocate with position move (outside of existing commuting area) or resignation due to other mutual decision to end the employment relationship.

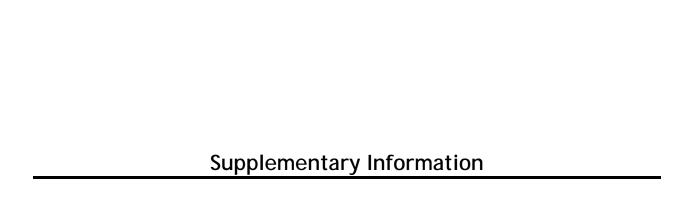
Employees who are terminated for any other reasons (i.e., performance, cause, misconduct) will not be eligible for severance or transition pay. Additionally, resignations are voluntary separations; therefore, severance or transition pay does not apply unless the resignation occurs after the employee receives a notice of involuntary separation or resigns due to a mutual decision to end the employment relationship.

In the event an employee accepts other employment with the Corporation prior to the date of a position elimination or reduction in force, the employee will not be eligible for severance pay. If an employee is rehired after separation, he or she may be required to reimburse the severance pay on a pro rata basis, based on whether the total number of weeks on severance pay was more than the number of weeks in which the employee was not employed by the Corporation. The method of repayment will be considered on a case-by- case basis. Further, an employee will be considered to have voluntarily resigned and will not be eligible for severance pay if he or she rejects NeighborWorks America's offer of employment within the same commuting area and pay classification prior to involuntary separation.

The Corporation entered into severance agreements with four employees during 2016. As a result, these agreements include payments totaling \$88 that were paid in 2017. The Corporation did not enter into severance agreements in FY 2017.

13. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through March 5, 2018, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no events noted that required adjustment or disclosure to these financial statements except those noted above.



Schedule of Functional Expenses - Year Ended September 30, 2017 (Amounts in 000's)

	Program Services										Supporting Services								
	Capacity Building		National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling		Preserving Affordable Housing		Training and Informing		Organizational Assessment		Total Program Services		General and Administrative		Resource Development		Total Supporting Services		2017 Total
Grants and grant commitments	\$	96,571	\$	1,789	\$	39,153	\$	4,817	\$	1	\$	142,331	\$	113	\$	-	\$	113	\$ 142,444
Personnel		17,705		1,435		-		7,156		3,892		30,188		14,049		1,058		15,107	45,295
Professional services		7,603		1,384		-		3,704		304		12,995		3,626		2		3,628	16,623
Other operating costs		972		642		-		2,244		39		3,897		4,610		18		4,628	8,525
Occupancy		416		128		-		353		-		897		2,973		84		3,057	3,954
Conferences and workshops		723		129		-		1,655		6		2,513		403		12		415	2,928
Travel		1,927		65		-		507		176		2,675		305		53		358	3,033
Depreciation and amortization		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,360		-		1,360	 1,360
Total expenses		125,917		5,572		39,153		20,436		4,418		195,496		27,439		1,227		28,666	224,162
Overhead allocation		10,724		869		-		4,336		2,358		18,287		(18,928)		641		(18,287)	
Total expenses, after																			
overhead allocation	\$	136,641	\$	6,441	\$	39,153	\$	24,772	\$	6,776	\$	213,783	\$	8,511	\$	1,868	\$	10,379	\$ 224,162

Schedule of Functional Expenses - Year Ended September 30, 2016 (Amounts in 000's)

	Program Services										Supporting Services								
	Capacity Building		National Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling		Preserving Affordable Housing		Training and Informing		Organizational Assessment		Total Program Services		General and Administrative		Resource Development		Total Supporting Services		2016 Total
Grants and grant commitments	\$	57,683	\$	37,650	\$	38,251	\$	4,426	\$	-	\$	138,010	\$	-	\$	18	\$	18	\$ 138,028
Personnel		16,580		2,150		-		7,906		3,619		30,255		13,457		777		14,234	44,489
Professional services		4,815		1,297		-		5,006		257		11,375		3,577		12		3,589	14,964
Other operating costs		1,070		520		-		2,450		70		4,110		5,226		9		5,235	9,345
Occupancy		1,641		161		-		469		390		2,661		1,286		92		1,378	4,039
Conferences and workshops		382		265		-		2,097		11		2,755		528		7		535	3,290
Travel		1,512		75		-		759		219		2,565		428		57		485	3,050
Depreciation and amortization		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,337		-		1,337	1,337
Total expenses		83,683		42,118		38,251		23,113		4,566		191,731		25,839		972		26,811	218,542
Overhead allocation		9,629		1,249		-		4,592		2,102		17,572		(18,023)		451		(17,572)	-
Total expenses, after overhead allocation	\$	93,312	\$	43,367	\$	38,251	\$	27,705	\$	6,668	\$	209,303	\$	7,816	\$	1,423	\$	9,239	\$ 218,542

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended September 30, 2017			
	Federal CFDA/	Passed	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Public Law	Through to	Federal
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
Congressional Appropriation - NeighborWorks® National			
Foreclosure Mitigation Counseling Program			
Appropriation 10	21.114.113	\$ 1,789,128	\$ 5,544,256
Total - NeighborWorks® National Foreclosure Mitigation			
Counseling Program		1,789,128	5,544,256
Congressional Appropriation - NeighborWorks® System			
Program			
FY 2017 Appropriation	21.115.131	92,985,543	140,000,000
Total Congressional Appropriations		94,774,671	145,544,256
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:			
Housing Counseling Training Program	14.169	2,636,127	3,041,976
Housing Counseling Training Program	14.316	267,447	916,923
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		2,903,574	3,958,900
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
NeighborWorks® Rural Community Development	10.446	21,846	123,748
Corporation for National and Community Service			
Volunteers in Service to America	94.013	-	118,753
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 97,700,091	\$ 149,745,656
	Public Law		Endowment Fund
Program Title	Number		Balance
George Knight Scholarship Fund for the Neighborhood			
Reinvestment Training Institute	21.106-377	\$ -	\$ 2,500,000

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Corporation under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2017. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Corporation, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the Corporation. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in the financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting with the exception of capital expenditures and deferred rent, which are reported in the schedule when paid or accrued for payment. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The Corporation does not charge indirect costs to federal awards and as such did not elect to use the 10-percent de minim as indirect cost rate.

3. Federal Endowments

The federal endowments listed in the schedule are administered directly by the Corporation, and balances and transactions relating to these programs are included in the Corporation's financial statements. There were no transactions impacting the endowment balance during 2017.





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America) Washington, DC

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America), which comprise the statement of financial position as of September 30, 2017, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 5, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



To the Board of Directors Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

lifton/arsonAllen LLP

Calverton, Maryland March 5, 2018



CliftonLarsonAllen LLP CLAconnect.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America) Washington, DC

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017. Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America) complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2017.



To the Board of Directors Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America) is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Neighborhood Reinvestment Corporation (d.b.a. NeighborWorks® America)'s internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP
Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Calverton, Maryland March 5, 2018

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

	Section I - Summary of A	uditors' Resu	Its		
Financ	cial Statements				
1.	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified			
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:				
	Material weakness(es) identified?		_ yes	X	no
	• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		_ yes	x_none	reported
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		_ yes	X	no no
Federa	al Awards				
1.	Internal control over major federal programs:				
	Material weakness(es) identified?		_ yes	X	no
	 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 		_ yes	<u>x</u> none	reported
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified			
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		_ yes	X	no
Identii	fication of Major Federal Programs				
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Fed	leral Prog	gram or Clus	<u>ter</u>
21.114 14.169		Congressiona NeighborWor Appropriation U.S Department Development Housing Cour	ks System n ent of Ho : -	n Program, Fi	oan
	threshold used to distinguish between and Type B programs:	\$3,000,0	<u>00</u>		
Audite	e qualified as low-risk auditee	X	ves		no

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III - Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Programs

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section IV - Prior Year Major Federal Program Findings

2016-001 (Modified Repeat of 2015 - 001) Procurement, Suspension and Debarment

Condition: During our testing, we noted the Corporation did not have effective internal controls to ensure vendors were not suspended or debarred. We observed that management put in place a third party service to perform verification of vendors suspension and debarment status; however, this process requires a manual transmission of the vendors to be verified and documentation of the results of these verifications was not consistently maintained and could not be retrieved from the third party service provider.

Status: Corrective action was taken in 2017 and no such finding was noted in 2017.

2016-002 (Modified Repeat of 2015 - 002) - Procurement

Condition: During our testing, we noted the Corporation did not have effective internal controls to ensure policies and procedures for procurement were applied and effective.

Status: Corrective action was taken in 2017 and no such finding was noted in 2017.